

SUMMARY

Subject of the thesis: Russia's foreign policy in modern China.

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Relevance of the research issue: is that now the question of strengthening cooperation between China and Russia is becoming very important. The history of relations between China and Russia is quite saturated. In the twentieth century in the relations between China and Russia, as part of the Soviet Union, changed quite often, the maximum flowering of the 50s, to virtually a complete break in the 60s - 70s. In 1989, there is a restoration of inter-party ties. But with the collapse of the USSR, Russia and China have entered a new era in co-operation.

It should be noted that China is - this is one of the largest of which are in the Asia-Pacific region, which is associated with the prospects of further development of not only Russia but the whole world community. China performs an essential element of modern geopolitical structure, not only because of geographical, spatial and demographic parameters, but also because of a high-level position in the hierarchy of foreign policy priorities of the leading countries of the world.

At present, China has become a powerful center of world economic and cultural development, the second in the world after the US, where concentrated the largest financial resources. The needs and the risk of further resource support the concept of "peaceful elevation" of China pose a number of countries, first of all, before the Russian fundamental questions about possible ways of development and national security.

The strategic partnership with China - is one of the most important priorities of the foreign policy of the Russian Federation. In recent years, Sino-Russian relations are characterized by the increased dynamics of development, a substantial increase in the level of mutual trust and mutual support, the active expansion of cooperation in key areas. Development of the People's Republic of China, to increase economic and military power and political influence, becoming more and more important factor in both regional and global development.

The purpose of this work is analysis of the specifics of the Russian direction in foreign policy of China at the present stage.

In accordance with the purpose of the study were as follows:

- explore the concept and essence of foreign policy;
- to analyze the basic mechanisms for the implementation of foreign policy of modern states;
- to determine the current state of bilateral relations and issues of China and Russia;
- identify prospects for development of relations between China and Russia

Scientific novelty: is determined by the complex nature of the study, attempts to work out the optimum concept for bilateral and multilateral cooperation between Russia and China in view of globalization and the transformation of international relations.

Structure: Two chapters of two sections each, conclusion, bibliography of references, which includes 76 publications, including 36 in foreign languages (English, Chinese) and applications. The total amount of work is 69 pages of typewritten text.

Summary: Foreign policy depends on domestic politics, but it is not only its continuation. Foreign policy is determined by many factors and the national and state interests. Economic and political integration and the cyclical development of the world of the political process are some of the basic laws of foreign policy, along with factors such as national interests and national security of the state.

Thus, we can say that there are now four categories of instruments for implementing foreign policy - namely, hard power, soft power, economic power and smart power. All of them represent different approaches to the implementation of foreign policy, by means of the influence of the media, to hostilities. But it is impossible to identify a category of the most versatile and efficient, although smart power already came close to these criteria

To implement its ambitious plans for China's leadership also makes extensive use of a policy of "soft power." However, unlike George. Nye, some Chinese scholars believe that "hard power and soft power are inextricably linked, and one without the other does not exist," thus promoting the idea that the current Chinese model of development is "a source of national soft power ", which helps when exposed to the international community, on the one hand, the spread of ancient Chinese culture based on national traditions and Confucian moral and ethical values, and on

the other - it helps to understand the essence of socialism with Chinese characteristics.

In the last 2013-2014 years, relations between China and Russia in the economic and political fronts fastened even more. Russia and China in every way promote the development of bilateral relations, adhering to the following principles: mutual respect, equality, non-interference in each other's affairs, mutual support and all-round promotion of mutual political trust; complementarity, mutual benefit and mutual benefit, long-term perspective, seek common development. At the same time the heads of state are determined to deepen cooperation and promote in every way to overcome their differences and difficulties, predicting a positive trend in bilateral cooperation and strategic partnership of Russia and China in the future.

On the prospects of relations between China and Russia, on the whole, we can say that the chances are good future cooperation between China and Russia. Currently, States are actively cooperating in cultural relations, economic relations between the two countries are improving every year. In recent years, Russia may see China as a stable partner on the world stage.