

SUMMARY

Research topic: Language representation of visual and acoustic perception's linguistic concept.

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Research topicality lies in the need of a real condition's description of a lexical-semantic field of visual and acoustic perception at the present stage, and also considerations of their word - formation opportunities.

Research aim is consideration of different parts of speech's functioning of a lexical - semantic field of visual and acoustic perception in journalism in German.

Objectives:

1. Consider existing treatments of perception in philosophy, psychology and linguistics;
2. Select the lexical units organizing a lexical - semantic field of visual and acoustic perception according to dictionaries, find their synonyms;
3. Investigate semantics of the lexical units relating to a lexical-semantic field of visual and acoustic perception in dictionaries;
4. Select examples from the modern press confirming common use of these lexical units;
5. Analyze frequency of these lexical units' use;
6. Reveal dominants of visual and acoustic perception's field and the periphery of units;
7. Determine the word - formation potential of the lexical units including verbs, nouns and other parts of speech of visual and acoustic perception in German.

Theoretical significance of the research is in disclosure of characteristics of the lexical units' functioning embodying visual and acoustic perception in German,

studying their word - formation potentialities and consideration of their use rate in modern German.

Practical significance of the research is in the possibility of the received conclusions of dissertation research's application in modern system of knowledge for a practical course of speech communication and on seminar occupations. Results and conclusions of the master thesis can be used in lecture and seminar classes in stylistics and German lexicology.

In the result of the research, all verbs of visual and acoustical perception in German can be classified by two signs: the verbs which combine in lexical-semantic group with nouns of similar semantics and verbs, not possessing word-formation potential. From the point of word-formation potentialities' view all lexical units can be divided as follows: 1) formed by means of a derivation and 2) formed compound words by a composition.

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