

ABSTRACT

Graduation thesis topic: Modern system of refugee state support at the regional and municipal levels

Objective: determination of the directions for improvement of the implementation practice of refugee state support based on comprehensive analysis of its theoretical and applied aspects

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Contracting authority information:

Urgency of the research.

Urgency of the research is conditioned by increase of the degree of forced migration. The whole world community faced the refugee issue at the verge of millenia, however, this phenomenon often takes very heavy forms in the Russian Federation.

Combined with pendency of the issues of the sustainment of a significant part of Russian citizen already living in this territory, forced migration may aggravate the already strained situation at the job and housing market, escalate ethnic conflicts. Social adaptation of refugees plays a great part in preventing of this situation.

Considering the abovementioned, the issues of the examination of the state support of refugees and development of measures on their social adaptation is becoming significantly urgent.

Theoretical and practical relevance of the research Theoretical relevance of the paper consists in deepening and generalization of theoretical knowledge about reasons of fleeing, problems of refugees and system of their support.

The practical relevance of the research consists in the fact that the suggested recommendation can be used by both state authorities and municipal authorities of

the Stavropol Territory, as well as other subjects of the Russian Federation for the purpose of refugee adaptation.

Results: Analyzing the legal and regulatory framework of the support of refugees in the Stavropol Territory, we determined that both federal and regional rules and regulations that handle this field are in force in the territory.

Federal rules and regulations are aimed at provision of refugees with food, medical services, informational support, accommodation of a part of them in temporary accommodation facilities, payment of a lump sum allowance.

Regional rules and regulations are few and mainly deal with the work with forced migrants willing to participate in a Sub-Program of the State Program of Support for the Resettlement in the Russian Federation of Compatriots Residing Abroad.

Pyatigorsk migration department of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of the Russian Federation fulfills its functions on the provision of migration recording, informing of the arriving forced migrants, accommodation of people who inquired for a temporary refuge in the temporary accommodation facilities, acceptance of applications from citizen willing to participate in the Sub-Program of the State Program of Support for the Resettlement in the Russian Federation of Compatriots Residing Abroad, to the due extent.

Based on the Concept of State Migration Policy of the Russian Federation for the period up to 2025 and the Strategy of the State National Policy of the Russian Federation for the period up to 2025, one of the important directions of the state support of refugees as of today is the need of creating infrastructure for their integration and social adaptation, including centers for informational and legal support, courses of language, history and culture of the Russian Federation. It is worth mentioning that the state is only beginning to solve the task of the adaptation among refugees, and such work has not been done before in the migration divisions of the Stavropol Territory.

Recommendations:

Lack of knowledge or poor knowledge of Russian language, culture, traditions of the country and region of residence complicate not only the process of cultural and social and psychological adaptation of a foreign citizen who was forced to migrate, but often are the reason of refugees' being in situations connected with violation of the legislation of the Russian Federation.

That is why the main means of refugee adaptation, especially in the context of multi-cultural Northern Caucasus, are studying of Russian language, familiarization with the specific nature of the cultural and work life of the society in the region, integration into the local community, development of the ability of mutual understanding in a multi-ethnic environment, establishment of national and universal values.

Therefore, it seems reasonable to create adaptation centers for refugees in the municipal institutions of the Stavropol Territory, which will cooperate with municipal authorities and migration divisions. The adaptation program for such Center is estimated to last 3 months. It includes 6 types of adaptation (lingual, political and legal, social and cultural, psychological and acmeological, geographical, economical). The center's personnel will consist of full-time employees and specialists working based on a civil contract. It is planned to involve students of PGU and other universities of the Caucasian Spas region.

The center will let refugees overcome the language barrier, integrate into the Northern Caucasian community, solve economical problems, overcome the feeling of being lost in a foreign environment, become accomplished as a competitive individual.