

ABSTRACT

Subject of the graduation qualification paper: Etymological and structural analysis of English toponyms and their translation.

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Information about the sponsor organization: Pyatigorsk State University, 9 Kalinin St., Pyatigorsk, Stavropol Krai.

Significance of the issues addressed in the research: etymological and structural analysis of British toponyms not only helps to understand the language and historical links, but also broaden the horizons of British geography and British toponyms.

Goal of the research: The aim of the work is to study the structure of the toponyms of the British Isles and their etymology.

Tasks:

- 1) to make a review of the literature on the research topic (ways of word formation, toponymy);
- 2) give the definition of toponyms;
- 3) conduct an etymological and derivational study of the toponyms of the British Isles;
- 4) identify common and specific ways of word formation;
- 5) make a morphological classification of toponyms;
- 6) identify the problems of translation of place names.

Theoretical importance of the research: English toponyms are studied consistently and their specificity is determined in these theses. The work provides a detailed morphological and etymological analysis of the toponyms of the British Isles, and determines their role and significance in English language.

Practical value of the research: the results can be used in the university teaching of general linguistics courses, linguistics and translation practice.

Results of the research: all English toponyms can be divided by the type of morphological structure, and by the type of designated objects. The language sources of toponyms of the British Isles came from five languages: Celtic and Scandinavian (primordial toponyms), Latin, Old English and French (borrowed toponyms).